What do you understand by input a output items of input items at an area of input output analysis are as a comment of input output analysis are as a comment of input output analysis are as a comment of input output of input output ou

(a) Five jobs (J1, J2, J3, J4 and J5) are done on five different machines (M1, M2, M3, M4 and M5). Any machine can process any job with the resulting profit (in Rs.) represented in the following table:

Note., Explain every step

(a) Explain unbalanced transportation problem.

9 Explain the following: 10*2 = 20

House has been selected times.

(a) Closed and Open Input-Dusput Model

(b) Dynamic Input-Output Model to fe

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and only mac 7102 cost of each lob on

each machine is given in the following table

M EM Time : 3 hours M

are done. Each lour art be assigned to one

32 18001: arks : 10081

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Answer any five questions.

Explain the following terms with examp

1. Write notes on any two of the following:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

- (a) Mathematical formulation of assignment problem.
- (b) Explain Indepenent zero in context of Hungarian method of assignment.
- (c) Balanced assignment problem.
- 2. (a) Explain unbalanced assignment problem. 5

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(Turn over)

(b) A company has 4 machines on which 3 jobs are done. Each job can be assigned to one and only machine. The cost of each job on each machine is given in the following table:

	M1 870	M2	M3	M4
J1	18001	24	28	32
J2	ve 8 eir a	13	ner 17 , 29	18b 19
J3	10	15	19	22

What should be the jobs assignment for the minimum cost?

3. Explain the following terms with example :

 $5 \times 4 = 20$

- (a) Pure strategy
- (b) Mixed strategy
- (c) Minimax criterion
- (d) Saddle point

4. Solve the following problems:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

(a) The pay-off matrix of a game is given below. Find the solution of game to A and B.

Contd.

(2)

businessign in well vitabbu Player Budup businessign in Eq. () and (

(b) Solve the game whose pay-off matrix is given below:

Player B

I II III
II -2 5 -2
Player A II -4 -6 -4
III -4 10 -7

5. Write notes on the following:

20

- (a) Explain the concept of Dominance to reduce the size of the game.
- (b) Explain Arithmetic Method for 2 × 2 games in context of mixed strategy games.

6. Solve the following problems: $10 \times 2 = 20$

(a) There are only three industries in an economy and you have to estimate the

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(3)

(Turn over)

output of each industry the with given input coefficient matrix and the final demand as follows (the coefficient matrix is value terms):

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 0.3 & 0.5 & 0.2 \\ 0.2 & 0.0 & 0.5 \\ 0.1 & 0.3 & 0.1 \end{pmatrix} \text{ and } F = \begin{pmatrix} 100 \\ 40 \\ 50 \end{pmatrix} \text{ (Million Rs.)}$$

(b) The following inter-industry transactions table was constructed for an economy for the year 2017.

Industry	1	2	Final	Total
		consumption		
1	500	1,600	400	2,500
2	1,750	1,600	4,650	8,000
Labour	250	4,800	tinA nistax	5050
Total 29	2,500	8,000	5050	15,550
02 = 20	onstruct	technolog	y coefficie	nt matrix
sh sh	owing dire	ect require	ments. Doe	s it satisfy
int of Ha	wkins-Si	mon condi	tions?	

(4)

Contd.

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7. What do you understand by input - output analysis? Also discuss the limitations of input-output analysis.

8. (a) Five jobs (J1, J2, J3, J4 and J5) are done on five different machines (M1, M2, M3, M4 and M5). Any machine can process any job with the resulting profit (in Rs.) represented in the following table:

10						
	M1	M2	M3	M4	M5	
J1	32	38	40	28	40	
J2	40	24	28	21	36	
J3	41	27	33	_ 30	37	
J4	22	38	41	36	36	
J5	29	33	40	35	39	

Note: Explain every step

(b) Explain unbalanced transportation problem.

9. Explain the following:

 $10 \times 2 = 20$

(a) Closed and Open Input-Output Model

(b) Dynamic Input-Output Model

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